



Summer School on Positive Operator Semigroups

September 4 – 8, 2023

Exercise Session I Eventual Positivity

Exercise 1 (A semigroup that is (non-uniformly) eventually positive). Let $E := C([-1, 1], \mathbb{C})$ be the space of continuous functions on the interval $[-1, 1]$ and let $F \subset E$ denote the kernel of the functional $\varphi : f \mapsto \int_{-1}^1 f$. Let $S : F \rightarrow F$ denote the reflection operator, i.e., $(Sf)(x) = f(-x)$ for all $f \in F$ and all $x \in [-1, 1]$.

(a) Show that $E = \text{span}\{\mathbb{1}\} \oplus F$ which allows us to define the bounded operator

$$A := \mathbf{0}|_{\text{span}\{\mathbb{1}\}} \oplus (-2I|_F - S)$$

on E .

(b) As A is a bounded operator, it generates a C_0 -semigroup. Show that the semigroup generated by A is given by

$$T(t) = I|_{\text{span}\{\mathbb{1}\}} \oplus e^{-2t}(\cosh(t)I|_F - \sinh(t)S)$$

for all $t \geq 0$.

(c) Show that $T(t) \rightarrow 0$ in the operator norm on $\ker P$ where $P := \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{1} \otimes \varphi$. Conclude that $(T(t))_{t \geq 0}$ is individually eventually positive.

(d) For each $n \in \mathbb{N}$, choose $f_n \in E_+$ with

$$\|f_n\|_\infty = 1, \varphi(f_n) = \frac{1}{n}, f_n(-1) = 0, \text{ and } f_n(1) = 1.$$

Use the sequence $(f_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ to justify that $(T(t))_{t \geq 0}$ is not uniformly eventually positive.